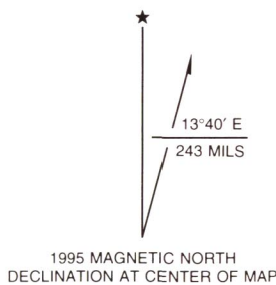
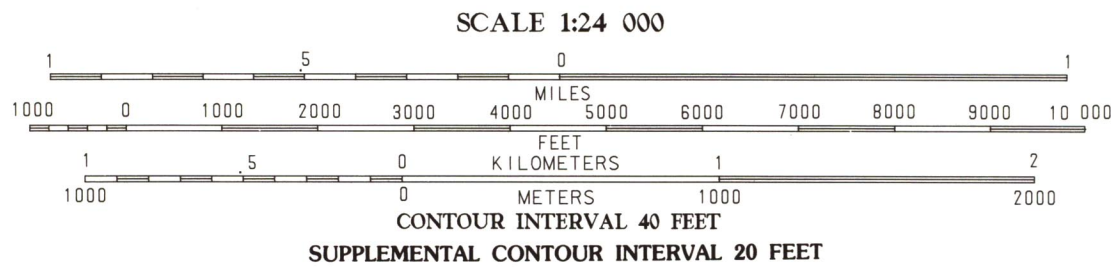


Base from U.S.G.S. Fountain Green South Quadrangle,
Provisional Edition, 1988

The Miscellaneous Publication series provides
an outlet for authors who are not Utah Geological
Survey staff. Not all aspects of this publication
have been reviewed by UGS.



1995 MAGNETIC NORTH
DECLINATION AT CENTER OF MAP

**GEOLOGIC MAP OF THE
FOUNTAIN GREEN SOUTH
QUADRANGLE, SANPETE AND
JUAB COUNTIES, UTAH**

by
Alan W. Fong
1995

Field work by author, 1988
Cartography by J. Parker



QUADRANGLE LOCATION

1	2	3	1 Neple
			2 Fountain Green North
			3 Big Valley
			4 Levan
4		5	5 Island
			6 Charlie Canyon
			7 Walm
6	7	8	8 Clamer

ADJOINING 7.5' QUADRANGLE NAMES

DESCRIPTION OF MAP UNITS

QUATERNARY UNITS

Qal

Alluvium-- Poorly to moderately sorted silty clay to cobble-sized material deposited in active streams and washes.

Qst

Spring tufa-- Tan, calcareous tufa with streaks of charcoal and carbonaceous sand.

Qc

Colluvium-- Unconsolidated material deposited at the foot of slopes; moderately sorted; reflects local lithologies.

Qma₁

Younger rock-avalanche debris-- Similar to older rock-avalanche debris; remobilized or deposited during the wet period of 1983-1985.

Qma₂

Older rock-avalanche debris-- Very poorly sorted, cobbles to boulders up to 25 feet (8 m) in diameter deposited at the base of steep chutes; Pleistocene to Holocene in age.

Qmf₁

Younger debris-flow deposits-- Similar to older debris-flow deposits; remobilized or formed during the wet period of 1983-1985.

Qmf₂

Older debris-flow deposits-- Poorly sorted silt and clay with minor coarser material that flowed as a viscous fluid; Pleistocene to Holocene in age.

Qms₁

Younger landslide deposits-- Similar to older landslide deposits; remobilized or formed during the wet period of 1983-1985.

Qms₂

Older landslide deposits-- Very poorly sorted, boulder- to clay-sized material with a hummocky surface morphology; Pleistocene to Holocene in age.

Qaf₁

Younger alluvial fans-- Similar to older coalesced alluvial fans; four ages of alluvial-fan deposits are distinguished by relative position; the youngest alluvial fans are presently active.

Qaf₂

Older alluvial fans-- Similar to older coalesced alluvial fans.

Qafc₃

Younger coalesced alluvial fans-- Similar to older coalesced alluvial fans.

Qafc₄

Older coalesced alluvial fans-- Fine- to coarse-grained alluvial deposits with a fan morphology deposited in the valley near the mountain front; coarser materials present near the mountains and finer materials dominate the distal parts; includes some loess deposits.

Qap

Pediment-mantle alluvium-- Poorly sorted, clay to angular boulder deposits blanketing an elevated, erosional surface.

BEDROCK UNITS

Tco

Colton Formation-- Gray to orange mudstone, limestone, sandstone, and siltstone; sparse gastropods and pelecypods.

Tf

Flagstaff Formation-- White and gray limestone (silicified and fossiliferous in some places), mudstone, shale, sandstone, conglomerate, and bentonite; oncolites and gastropods.

TKnh

North Horn Formation-- Yellow, pebbly sandstone at base; varicolored conglomerate, pale orangish-tan sandstone, and gray mudstone. Coal member (TKnc) consists of grayish-orange micrite and coal.

Kp

Price River Formation-- Varicolored, polymodal, clast-supported conglomerate with orange to gray sandstone; absence of limestone pebbles and cobbles.

Ksf

South Flat Formation-- White and pink sandstone with interbeds of micrite, carbonaceous shale, and carbonaceous mud.

Kiu

Indianola Group undifferentiated-- White to red sandstone and conglomeratic sandstone.

Ki₄

Indianola Group, unit 4-- Varicolored, polymictic, polymodal, clast-supported conglomerate with subordinate sandstone and shale; abundant limestone pebbles and cobbles.

Ki₃

Indianola Group, unit 3-- Varicolored conglomerate with minor arkose and sandstone.

Ki₂

Indianola Group, unit 2-- Green glauconitic sandstone with minor limestone and shale.

Ki₁

Indianola Group, unit 1-- Varicolored conglomerate with sandstone; limestone pebbles and cobbles in upper part.

KJtc

Twist Gulch Formation and Cedar Mountain Formation, undivided-- Brown, white, red, and gray calcareous sandstone, siltstone, mudstone, and minor gritstone; undivided because of poor exposures.

Ja

Arapien Shale-- Shown only on the cross section.

MAP SYMBOLS

Contact

Major unconformity (shown on cross section only)

Normal fault-- Dashed where approximately located, dotted where concealed; bar and ball on downthrown side.

Joint or fracture

Syncline axial trace-- Dashed where approximately located; dotted where concealed.

Coal prospect pit

Gravel or road fill pit

Strike and dip of bedding (inclined, vertical, overturned)

Spring

Landslides, debris flows, and slumps (too small to map separately)

CORRELATION OF MAP UNITS

QUATERNARY

Qal

Qst

Qc

Qma₁

Qma₂

Qmf₁

Qmf₂

Qms₁

Qms₂

Qaf₁

Qaf₂

Qafc₃

Qafc₄

Qap

unconformity

Tco

Tf

TKnh

TKnc

unconformity?

Kp

unconformity

Ksf

unconformity

Kiu

Ki₄

Ki₃

Ki₂

Ki₁

unconformity

KJtc*

KJtc**

CRETACEOUS

Late

Early

JURASSIC

Late

Middle

*Cedar Mountain Formation

**Twist Gulch Formation

LITHOLOGIC COLUMN		FORMATION		SYMBOL	THICKNESS feet (meters)	LITHOLOGY
QUATERNARY	Pleistocene to Holocene	Unconsolidated deposits		Q	0-250 (0-75)	
		Spring tufa		Qst	60+ (18+)	
	Eocene	Colton Formation		Tco	220 (66)	
		Flagstaff Formation		Tf	40-930 (12-280)	
TERTIARY	Paleocene to Eocene	North Horn Formation		TKnh	0-3,100 (0-940)	
		Coal member		TKnc	0-40 (0-12)	
	Maastrichtian	Price River Formation		Kp	0-800 (0-240)	
		South Flat Formation		Ksf	0-2,826 (0-860)	
CRETACEOUS	Turonian to Campanian	Indianola Group	(West)	(East)	400-3,000 (120-900)	
			Unit no. 4	Ki ₄		
			Unit no. 3	Ki ₃		
			Unit no. 2	Ki ₂		
			Unit no. 1	Ki ₁		
			Twist Gulch and Cedar Mountain Fms., undivided	KJtc	850-900 (260-270)	

A'

B'